

DISCOVERING SITES

The centre of Oslo mainly consists of a continous city structure made up by the traditional perimeter block. In some places there is a fragment in the system or idea, either in the perimeter block or in the overall system. These fragments can be a empty lot between buildings, lots with low quality or temporary structures, a possibilty to extend the system or make a transition between two areas.

I want to study the potential of these inbetween sites.

Criterias for site choice:

Inside ring 2 of Oslo

The site must be in connection with existing urban structure, directly or indirectly.

Possibility to build a minimum of three dwellings.

The site must be empty, with buildings of low density and quality, or have a unused potential.







AKERSVEIEN 20

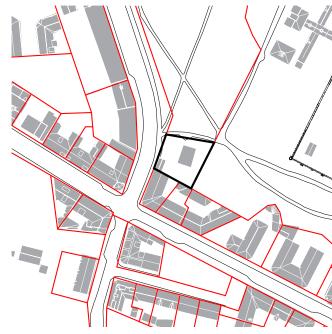
- Between existing buildingsLarge firewall facing the lotAcross street from green area





CITY SCALE





GRØNLANDSLEIRET 46

- Between existing buildings and park
- Firewalls facing the lot, no windows towards the park,
- View towards park
- Low existing building on site
- Temporary barracs on site









BJERREGAARDSGATE 11

- Between existing buildings Firewalls on two sides





CITY SCALE -Discovering sites





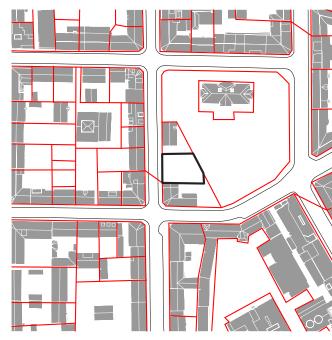
AKERSVEIEN 20

- Between existing buildings
- Large firewall facing the lot
- Across street from green area









THORVALD MEYERS GATE 68

- Between existing buildings
- One firewall
- One wall with windows towards site
- View towards park





CITY SCALE -Discovering sites





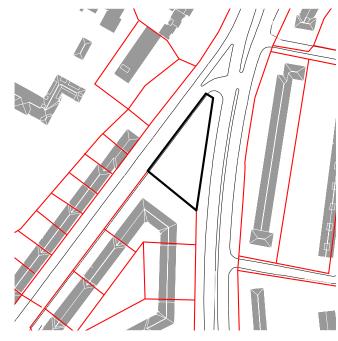
NONNEGATA 4B

- Possible extension of buildings
- View towards park
- Firewall facing site









COLLETSGATE 56-60

- Empty lot
- Between two roads
- Possible extension of overall structure





CITY SCALE -Discovering sites



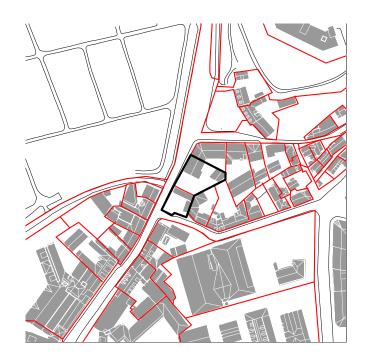


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- Be twib een eextististig nooft obiunigetings
- Einnegweaflilr Eawciahlgfaiction g the lot
- Akorpesbethreet forbm green area -Possible to build taller without blocking views.





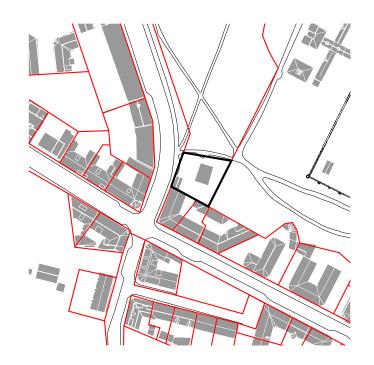


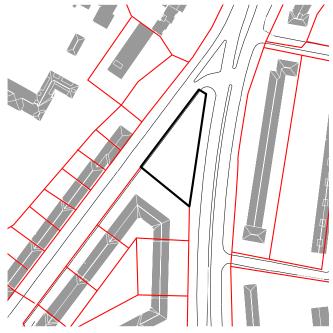


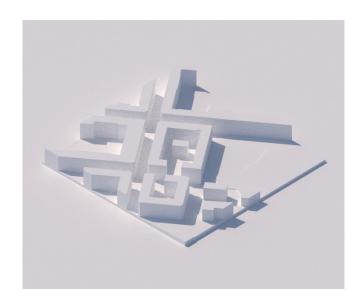
During the search for sites it became apparent that the sites fits into different categories.

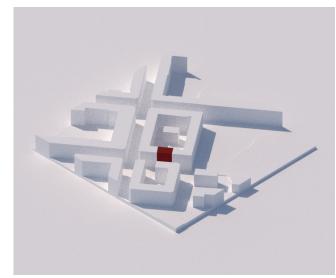
Regular perimeter block Irregular perimeter block Border between two structures Extenstion of existing structure.

I wanted to take a closer look at one site in each category and do simple volume studies on each site.





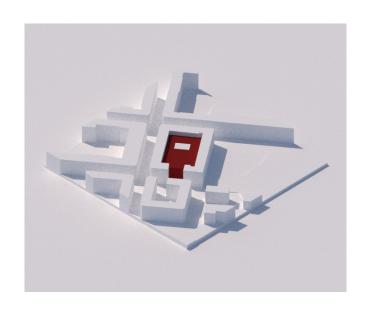


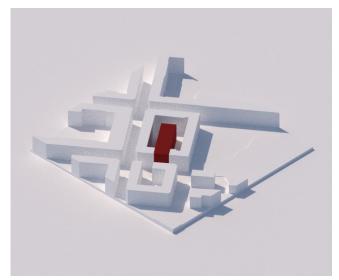


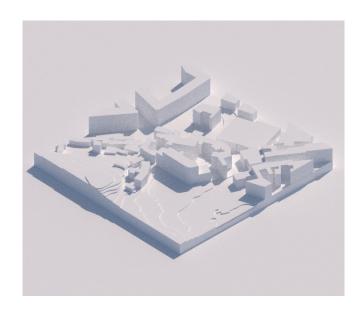
HERSLEBS GATE 32

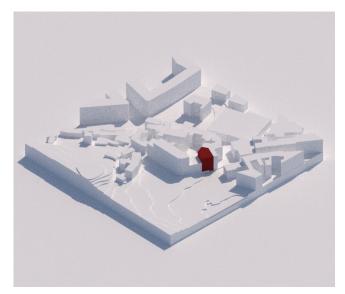
REGULAR PERIMETER BLOCK

- Close the block
- Fill in the block
- Close the block and extend into backyard.





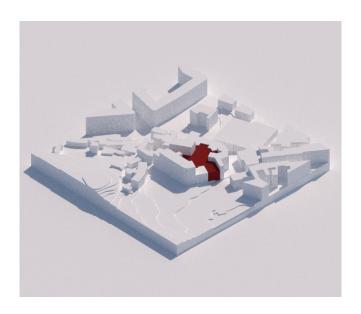


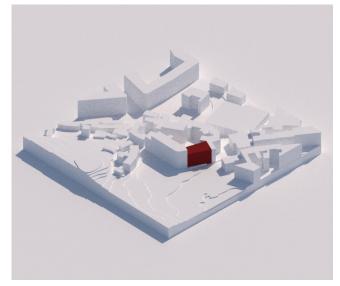


AKERSVEIEN 20

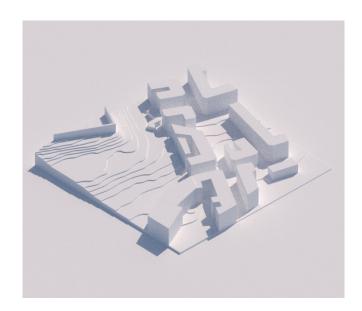
IRREGULAR PERIMETER BLOCK

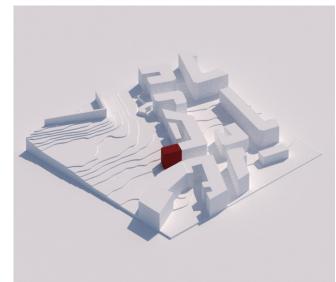
- Close the block
- Fill in the block
- Close the block with larger volume by replasing existing low building.





CITY SCALE -Discovering sites

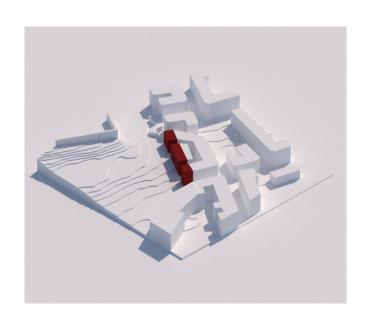


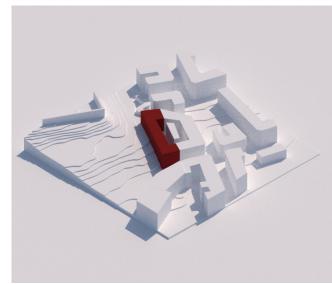


SCHWEIGAARDS GATE 62

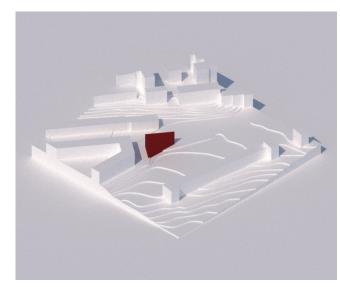
BORDER BETWEEN STRUCTURES

- Extend the block in one point
- Extend the block in several points
- Close the block







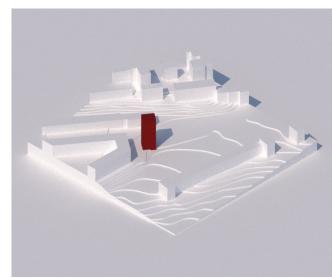


SCHWEIGAARDS GATE 62

EXTENSION OF OVERALL STRUCTURE

- Extend structure with same shape
- Extend structure with block
- Extend structure and mark ending with hexzight.





SELY STAD IS IT E - Discovering sites

The diploma will focus on studying one site.

Thesis:

The diploma explores dwelling in the city of Oslo and the relationship between a new building and an existing historical context.

The selected site is bordering Damstredet, Akersveien and Dops gate. The site is part of a fragmented, irregular perimeter block on sloped terrain consisting of apartment blocks and wooden houses.

The diversity in structure, topografy, outdoor spaces, materiality and colores makes this a very interesting case study. The site has potential for several interventions and I will look at the block as a whole and not confine the studies to the initial proposal of site.



SITE

The site concists of many buildings put together into a perimeter block. Most of the buildings are apartment buildings, Bygårder and wooden houses.

The buildings ranges in size, height and organization and is characterized by densification over time.

The topography divides the block into two main areas and makes it possible for good living quality also in the buildings insde the backyard.

The block borders other buildings, a public space and a graveyard.

The backyard is divided between the buildings and separates the area.



OBSERVATIONS



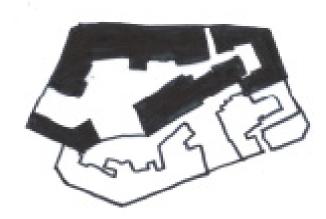


Aerial view of the site.

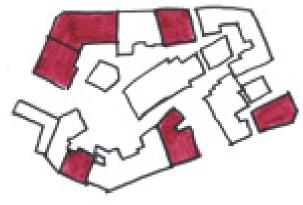
The site has a great diversity in heights, shape, topography and color.
This gives the area a unique characteristic and charm.



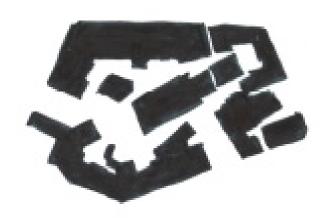




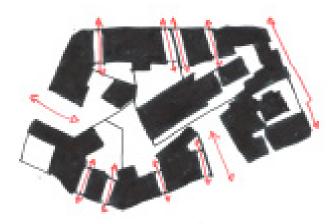
- The height difference and buildings divide the block.



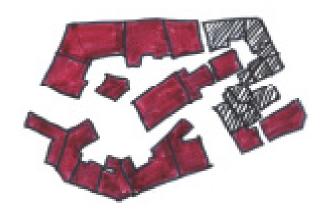
- Public buildings or buildings with public function on first floor.



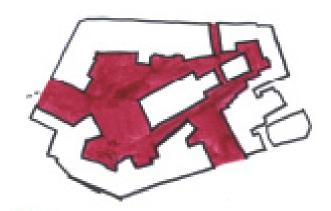
- Buildt area on site



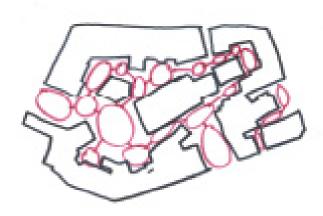
- Connections into site. There are many entrances, but no contact between outdoor spaces . Highly privaticed.



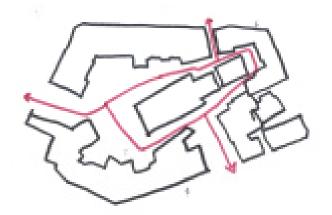
- Mainly brick or plastered buildings. (red). The rest in wood.



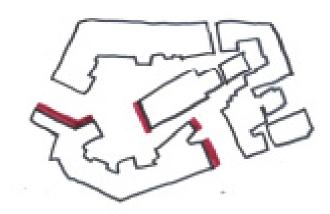
- Area to work with. Can more space be shared?



- Work with spaces of varied size and shapes.



- Can the block be more accessible? More lateral movement.



- Empty walls possible to attatch new buildings.

