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CURRICULUM

Introduction to material technology

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The physical properties of materials

The mechanical properties of materials

Materials

- Wood
- Glass
- Ceramics
- Concrete
- Metals
- Composites
- Membranes
- Textiles
- Cardboard

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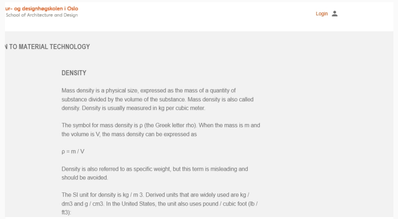

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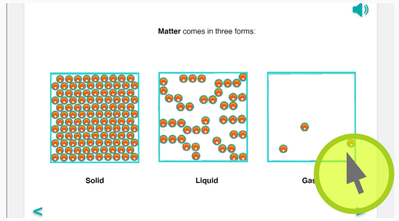

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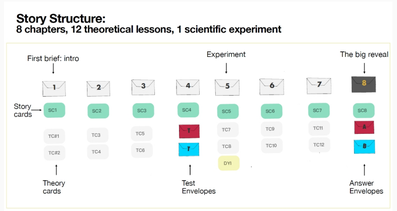

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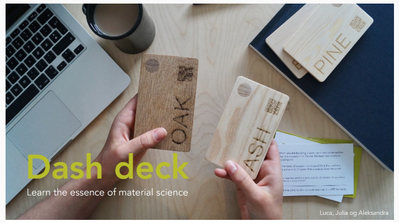
Interactive learning means using games or interactive courses. There are som physical games as well that can be lent out at the library.

Demo / Example

This mode focus on 'reality' and presents use cases and examples form practical use. The subject matter put in a context that is relevant for you.



Physical

This mode takes learning out of the digital domain. There are different kits that can be lent from the library.

Summary

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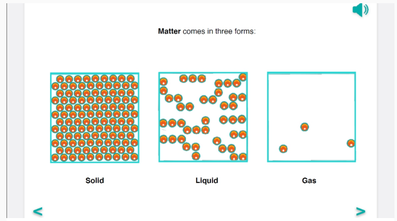

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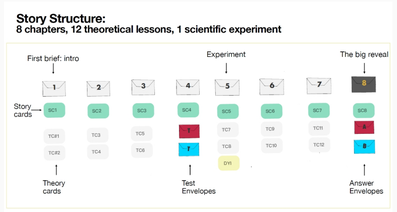

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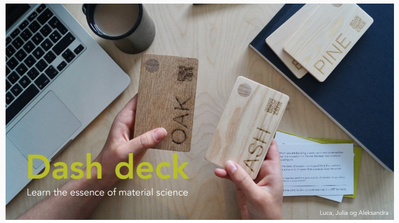

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Dictionary Forum

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The symbol for mass density is ρ (the Greek letter rho). When the mass is m and the volume is V, the mass density can be expressed as

$$\rho = m / V$$

Density is also referred to as specific weight, but this term is misleading and should be avoided.

The SI unit for density is kg / m 3. Derived units that are widely used are kg / dm3 and g / cm3. In the United States, the unit also uses pound / cubic foot (lb / ft3):

1 lb / ft3 = 16.019 kg / m3

The definition of density assumes that the substance is homogeneous. This is not always the case; for example, the atmosphere has a higher density along the ground than higher up. Calculated mass density then becomes an expression of average mass density in the area being measured.

Relative bulk density
Relative mass density is often defined as the ratio of mass density to two substances, and this unit is thus dimensionless.

In the case of liquids, specific densities are often stated in relation to water, while air is often used as a reference in relation to gases.

Variation in mass density
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John *1h ago*

I don't get this

Marie - assistant *1h30m ago*

Hi John. Could you be a bit more specific please?

Comment

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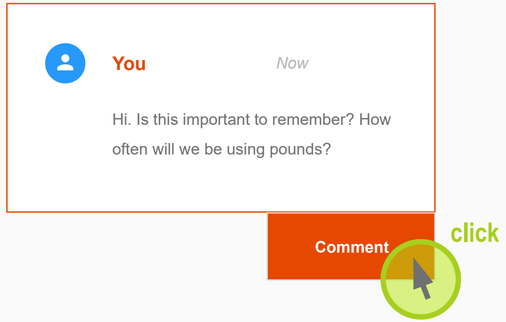

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