NORWEGIAN OIL TERRITORY

NATIONAL

THE OIL LANDSCAPE
This oil landscape in Norway is built out of Stavanger, Sola, business area and in Tananger, which is expecting to be a major hub for economical generation.
Due to the renewable resource and its short term focus, the abundance of oil. Rest of oil landscape is ready to be reintegrated to some new purposes. The project is a study of how to integrate the oil landscape with the concerns of global warming and global shifts in edible landscapes.
GLOBAL
Global shift in edible vegetation. Grape is the new tomorrow.
THE WILDCARD
The Wildcard works as a placeholder for tomorrows viticulture. Now acting as one of the biggest oil fields in Norway, the Wildcard is a place where the oil industry are overlapping former buildings for research and analysis the grape.
THE HINTERLAND
The Hinterland becomes an outlaw for known grape fields. Nonconform things expected, such as Cabernet Sauvignon, higher temperatures increase.
Due to longer growing seasons Norway can strengthening grape fields up and down in the Lofoten archipelago. Grapes in the north can increase the growing proper. With.
Hinterland, also called Unused, reference region, either rural or urban or both, that is outside dedicated or developed areas or zones.
George G. Chisholm (Handbook of Commercial Geography, 1888) Iscoconfirmed the Gulf-Stream and Kuroshio, which bring warm water from the tropics to the far north and consequently influence the climate of Europe.
Jeff Tilley (Wikipedia, Hinterland)
jul 23, 1988.
GRAPES OF THE NORTH
Wilfred(ed)
Jedlicka(ed)