Foregrounding (Finnheia) landscape: revealing - preserving - inviting

Supervisor: Mari Bergset

A: Research question DEFINITION LANDSCAPE

European Landscape Convention

B: Landscape describtion



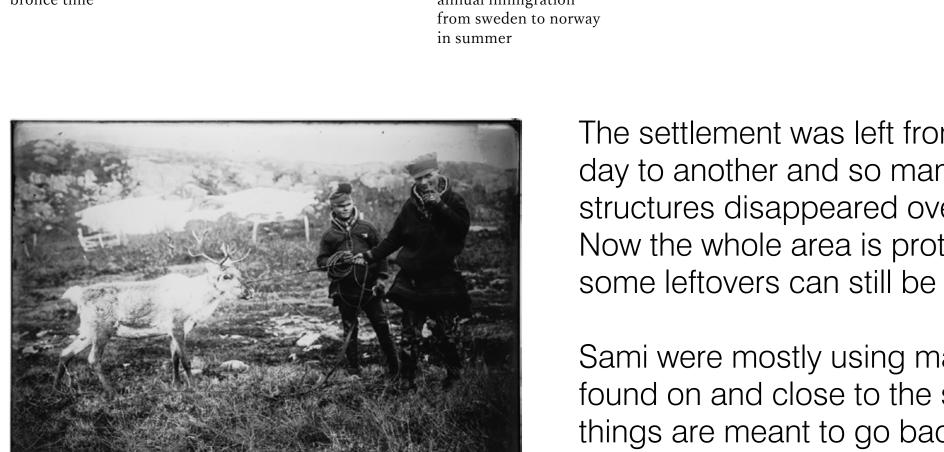
close to the small settlement Håkøybotn. reached in about 30 minutes (20km) by car.
Topographically, the scene is to be classified in to a multitude of interesting landscape typologies, such as wild meadows, birch wedges,marshlands, rivulets, branching torrents and a wide gorge, as well as rocks and as a close recreational area for hiking, skiing, berry picking etc. as well as it is a grazing land for the Sami's reindeer and local sheep. It is also place for cultural heritage, as there has been an old Sami summer settlement, of which traces can still be found.

Distribution of Sami people. Taken from galdu.

+ + + traces of old goat fence

traces of old reinder fences

The Sami are Scandinavia's indigenous people and are spread widely around the Northern heimsphere. As many of them being reindeer herders, they move center of life seasonally and therefore are considered as nomadic people. This means most of them were crossing borders





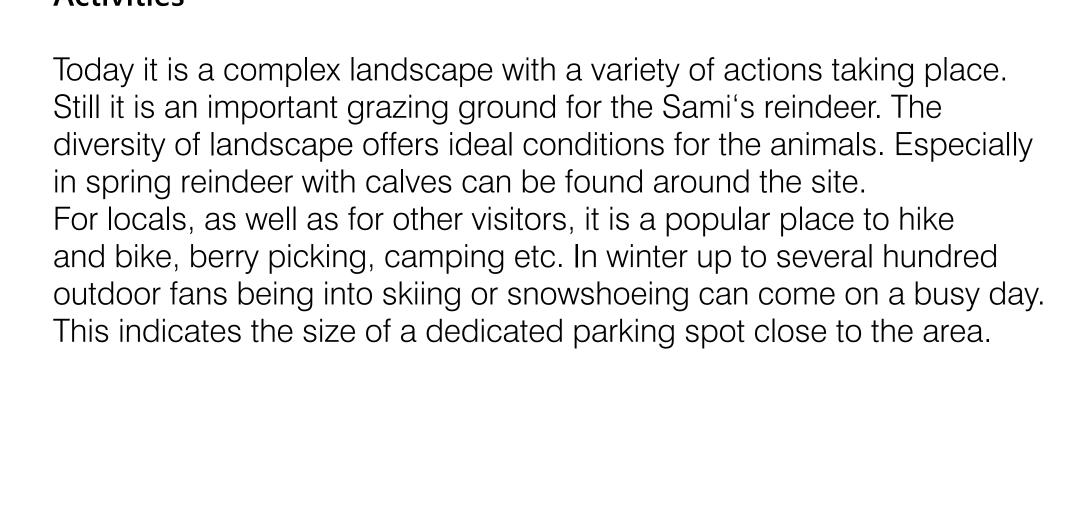
Skiveien with view towards Langnessletten, 19th century. Taken from Perspektivet Museum.

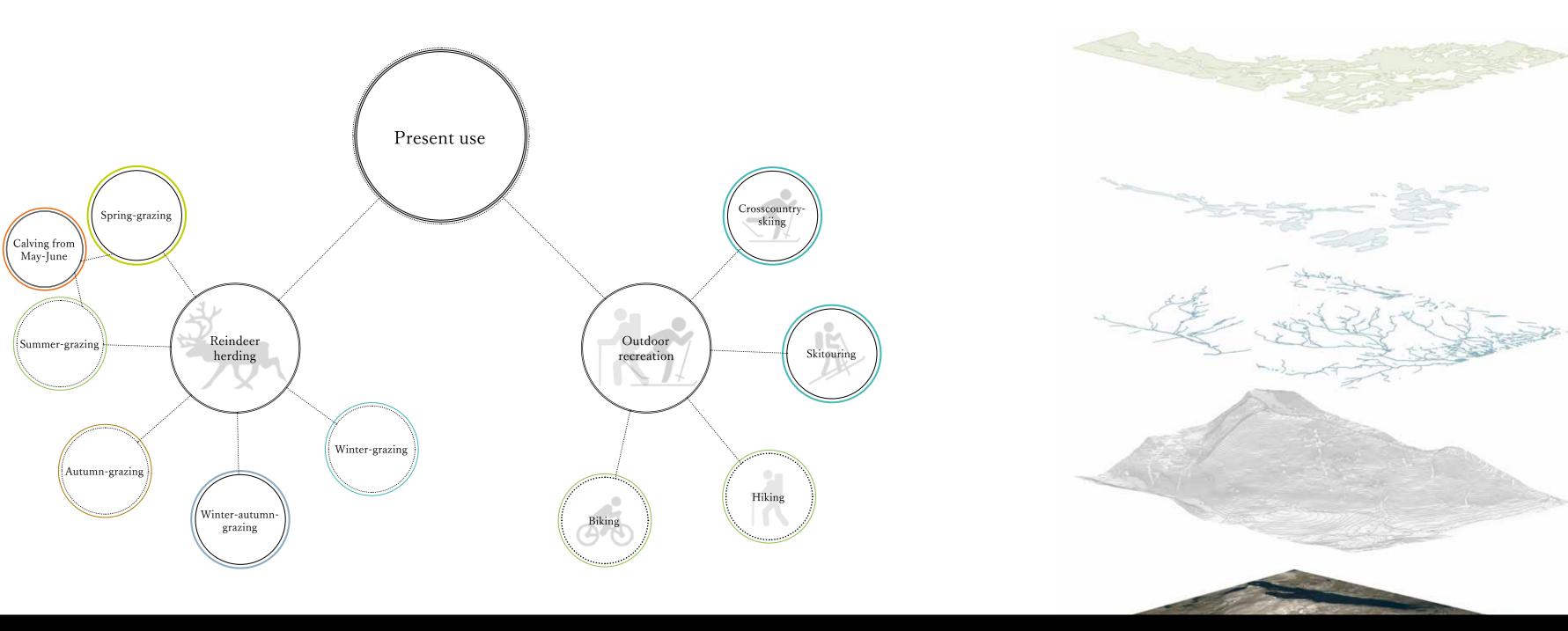
Scenic landscape invites to take a break from daily live and to do some of Finnheia. ID 240989-8. Photo by Stine Down outdoor acivites.

Photo shows site of old reindeer enciosures and to do some of Finnheia. ID 240989-8. Photo by Stine Down outdoor acivites.

Photo shows gammetuft ID 240989-3 on top of Finnheia. Photo by Stine B. Sveen,
Samitinget (taken from Sveen and Labba 2018).

Hilbert Helgesen's photographed 1909 intact reindeer enclosures ("gieddier) reindeer fence and gammer and storage gamme in the back at Finngamheia. Taken from Norsk skogmuseum.





Ecology

Primarily there are two landscape types. It is a quite wet

plus the brushwood marsh which lost contact to groundwater

site consisting out of various marshlands, which are

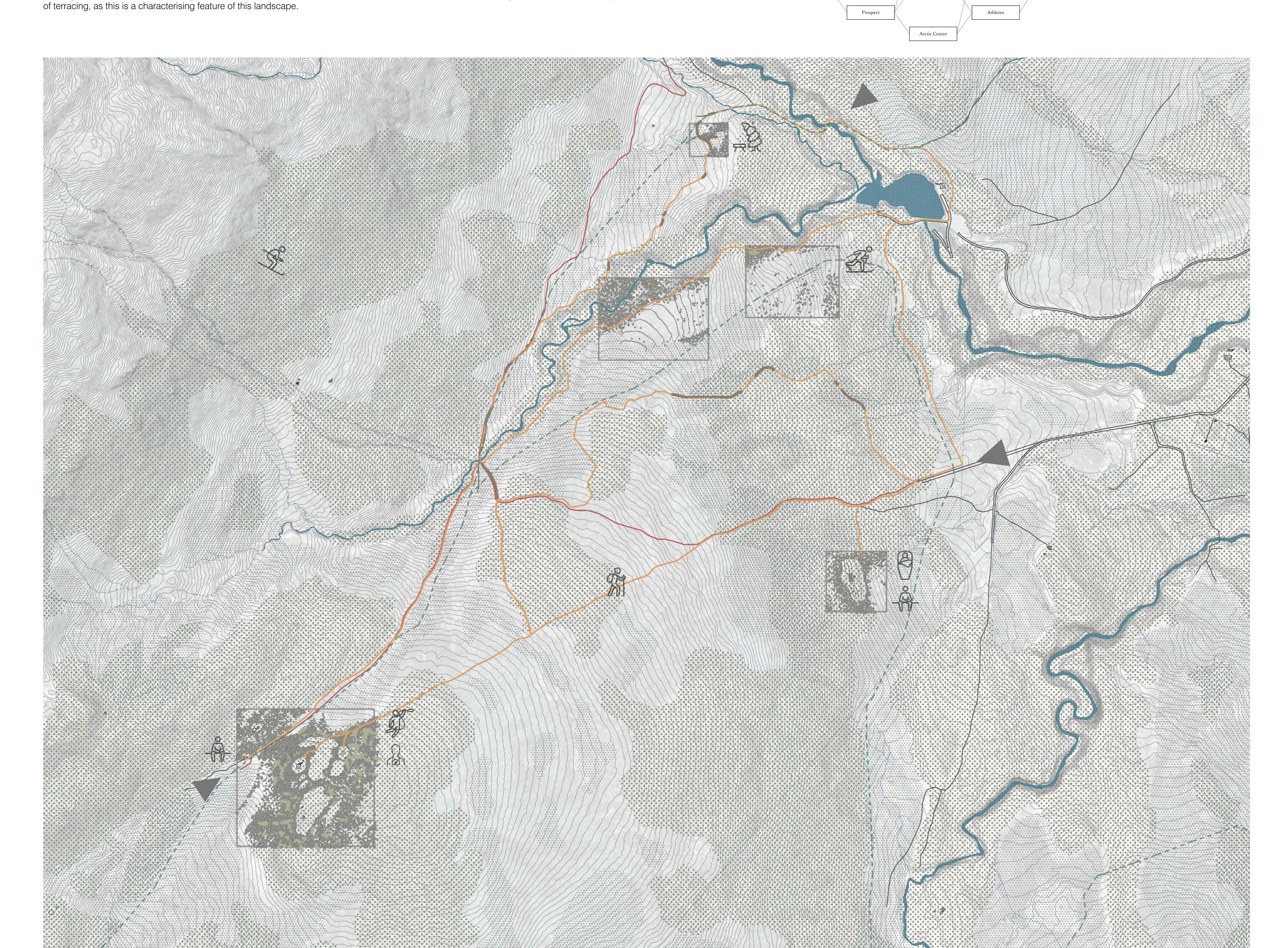
(Nibio). Over time erosion shaped wide terraces into the landscape, which are characterising the site.

Arctic Center

Finnheia is highly discussed in the public, as since the 1980's

would destroy valuable marshlands and rare species, take one

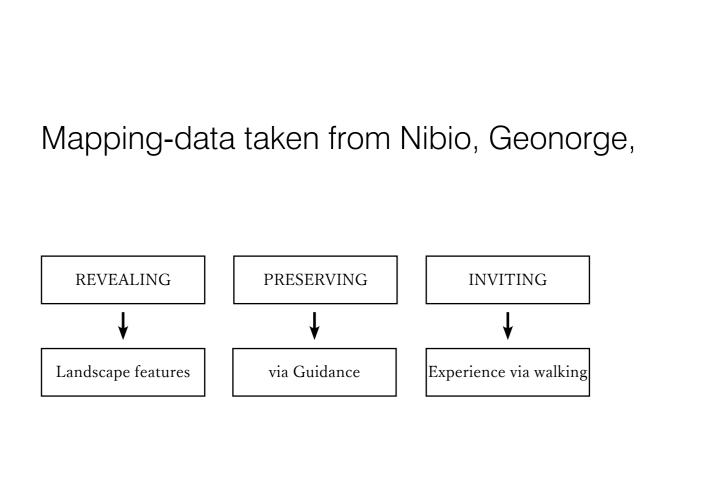
C: Design proposal on right side) different interventions were developed.

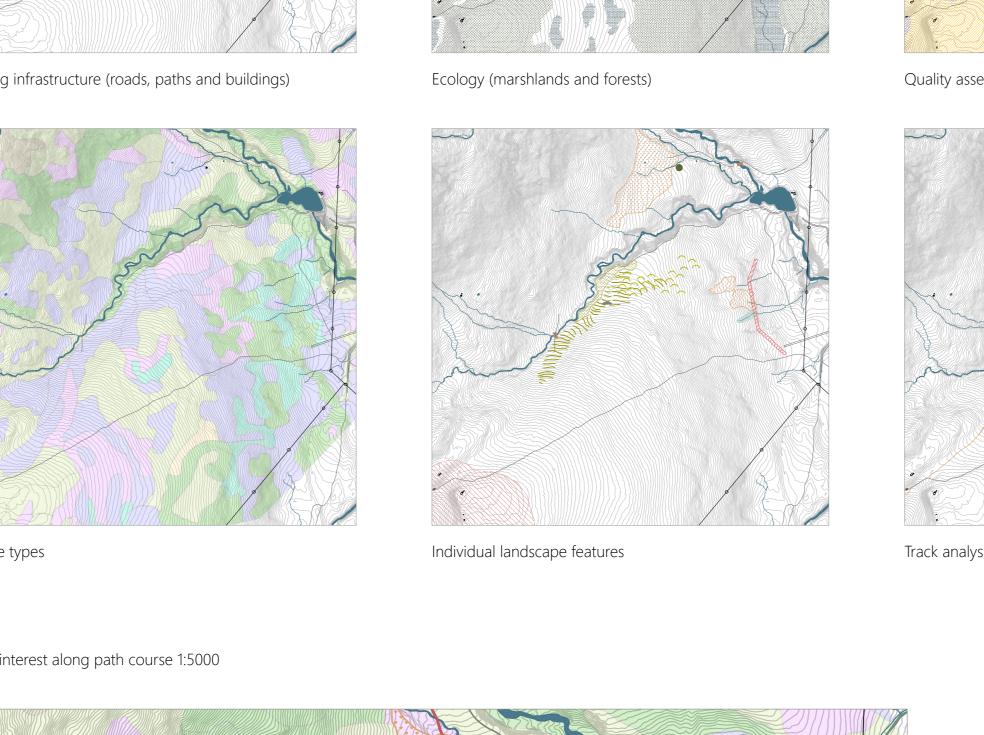


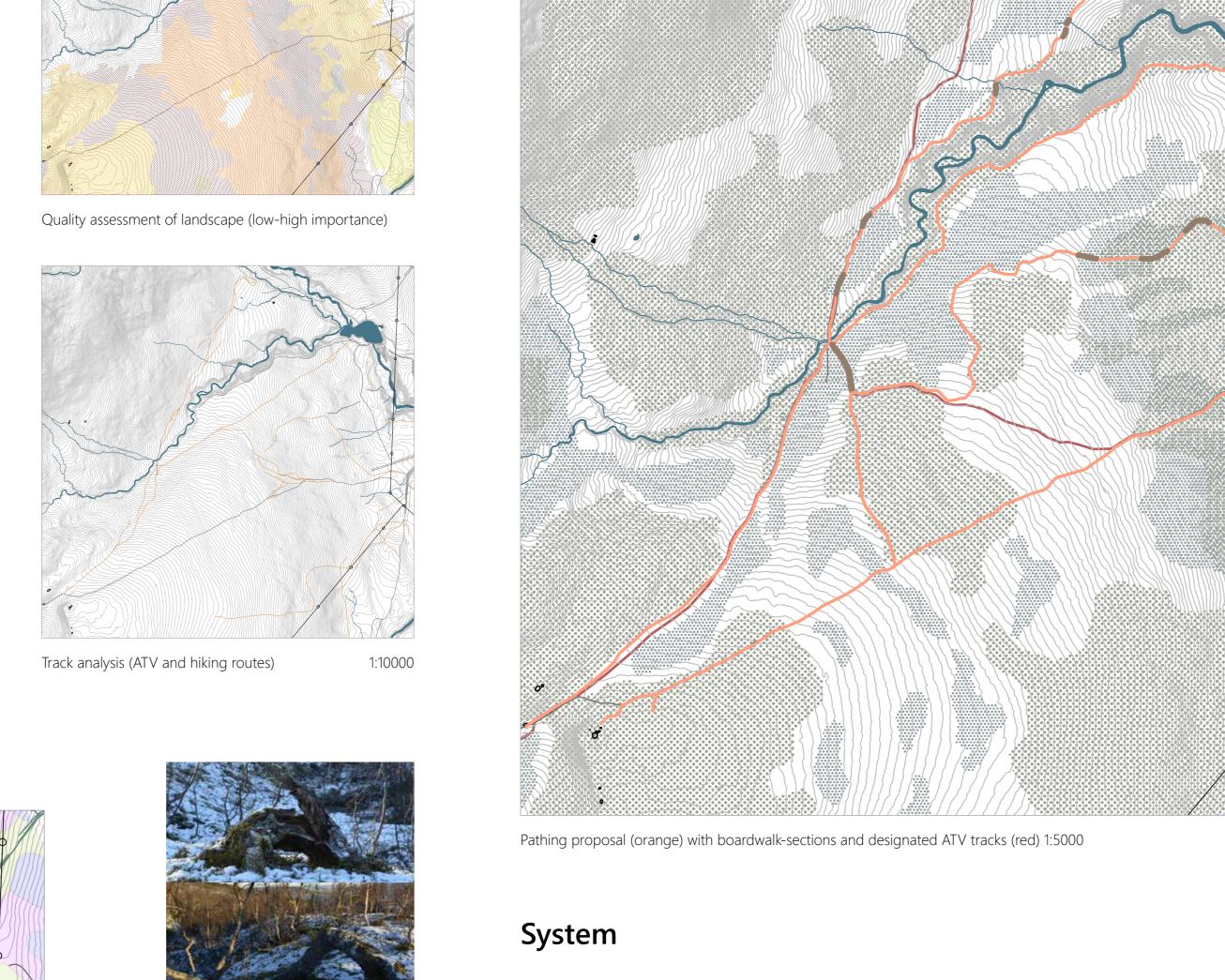
Overall map with interventions 1:2000

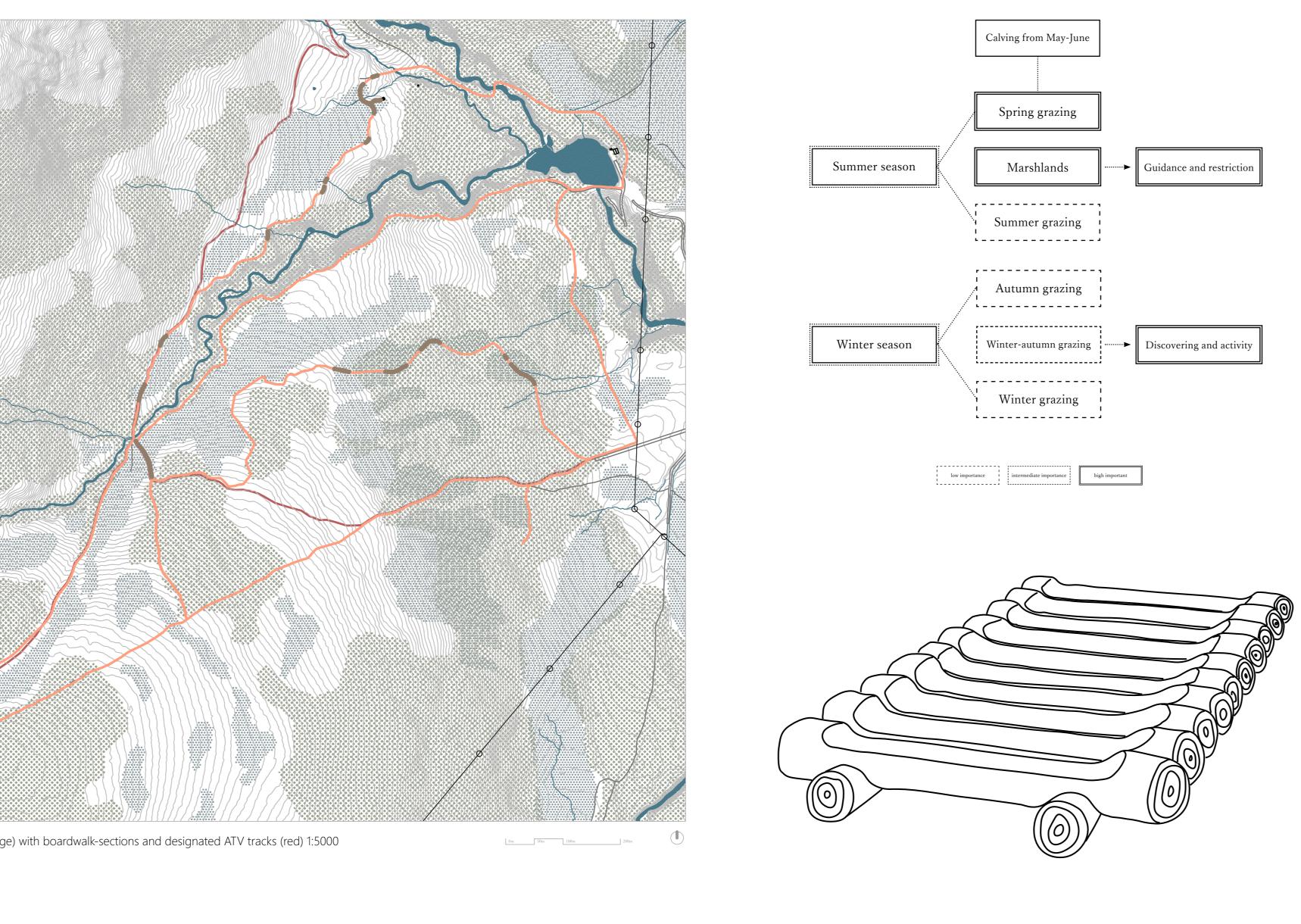
The paths were developed step by step, looking onto existing infrastructure, topography, ecology and other aspects of special quality. Then a movement analysis of the existing use of the landscape should inform the process further. Still having the three guidlines in mind, a path proposal was done.

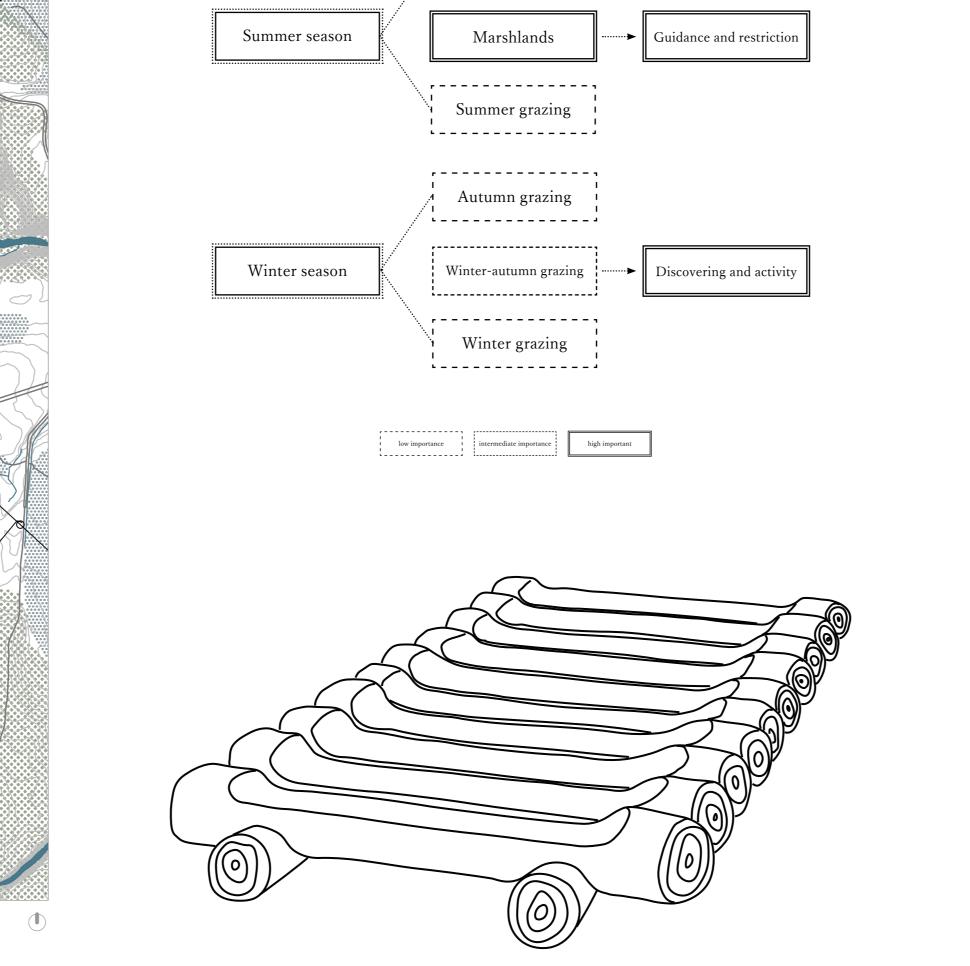
In addition there will be a dedicated route for ATV











0m 50m 100m 200m

pathing proposal

cross-country slope

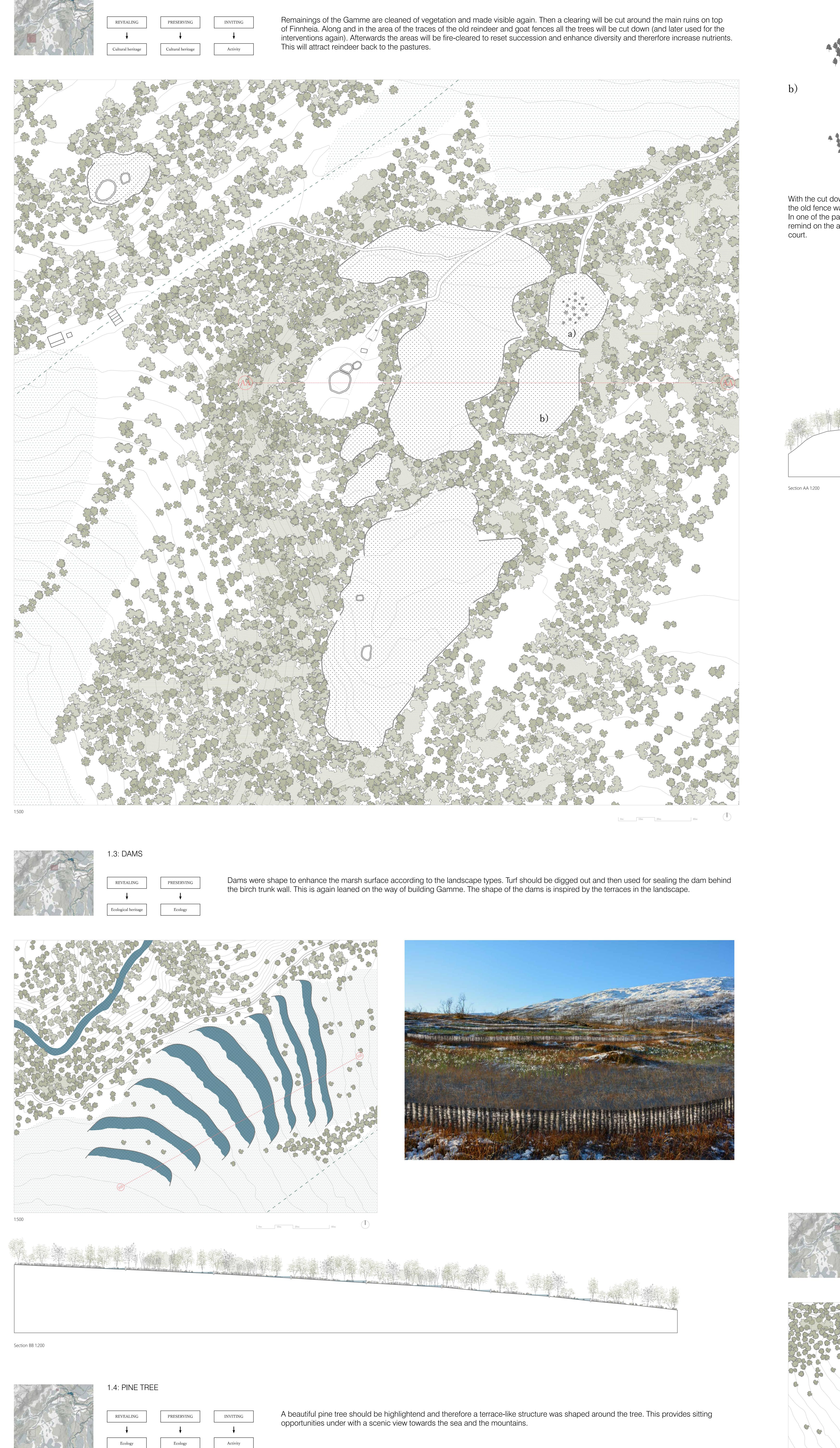
ATV trail

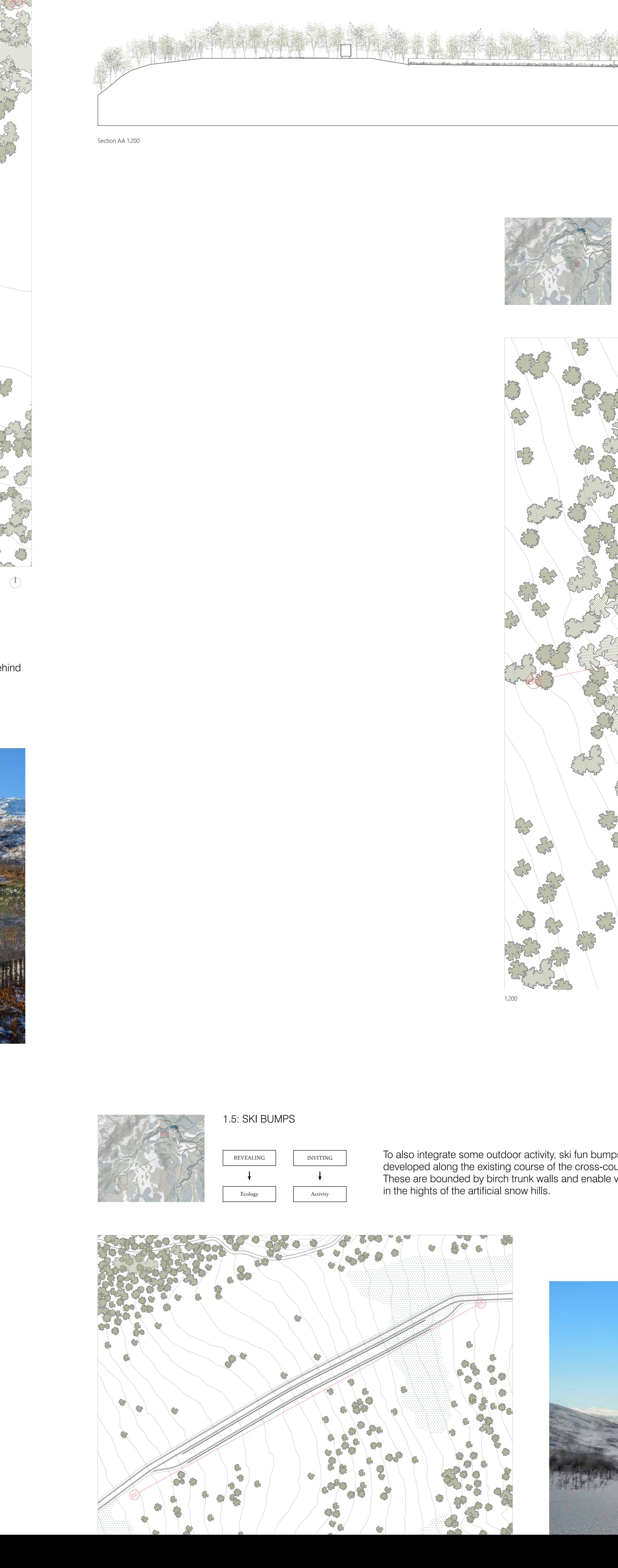
estimated visitors: 800

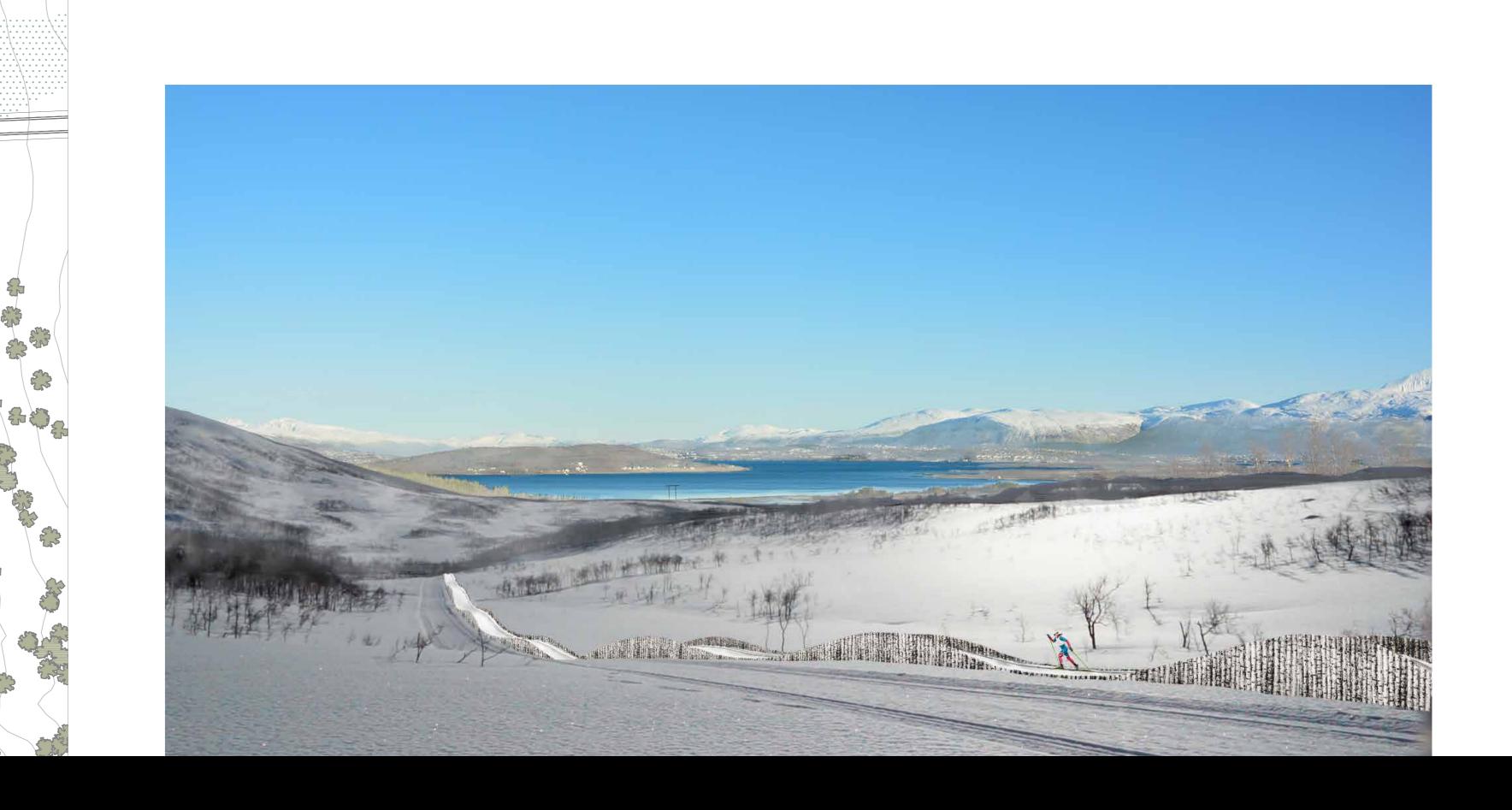
capacity Arctic Center: 2000-3000 beds in 400 units

Hydrology

Vegetation







local businesses to take part. The site was choosen inter alia by picking a landscape type of low rated

0m 5m 10m 20m